Managing an Urban Watershed: Garapan, Saipan, CNMI

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'Garapan' Watershed

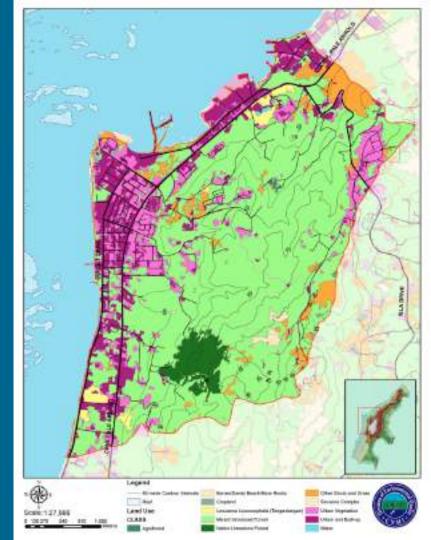
West Takpochao Central Sub-watershed

- Highly urbanized
- 2.2 square miles (5.71 km²)
- 4,000 residents (2010 census)
- >15 languages and dialects
- Drains into the Saipan Lagoon

Watershed Boundaries, Saipan, CNMI

Land Use

- Upper watershed composed of family compounds, farms, and mixed introduced forest
- Native limestone forest, 21 bird spp., streams
- Highly developed lower watershed with hotels, restaurants and shops
- AMP, Sandy beach shoreline







Challenges

- Rapid Development
- Impervious Cover
- Infrastructure
- Flooding and Water Quality
- Improper/illegal land clearing
- Population density and diversity

Management Approach

- Garapan Conservation Action Plan (CAP)
- 65+ stakeholder participants
- 30+ partner organizations
- Identified targets, threats, and strategic actions.

Garapan Watershed Conservation Action Plan



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Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Island Office of the Governor Division of Emirronmental Quality

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Garapan CAP

9 Conservation TargetsStrategies

- Education and outreach
- Regulations and enforcement
- Engineering and infrastructure BMPS
- Research and monitoring
- Community steward

30 Objectives

Enforcement / Outreach Campaign: Garapan Field Surveillance Project

October 2016 – 2017 (and cont'd)

- MINA Tasi Watch Rangers report violations and provide outreach.
- 1,674 field surveillance hours, 88 violations reported
- Challenges: lack of enforcement, language barriers, non-compliance



Outreach and Education: Watershed Warriors 2015 – 2017

- Sixteen site-specific lesson plans
- Funded local field trips
- 4th grade at Garapan
 Elementary School
- 50 students per year

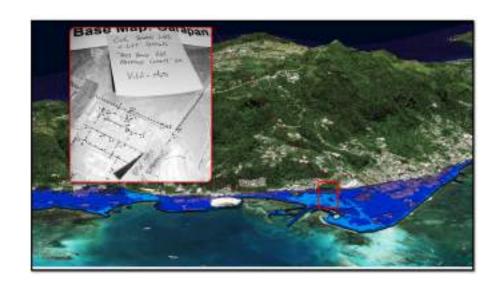


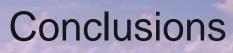


Upcoming projects

2018 - 2020

- "Better Buildings" development incentives
- Tour Operator Training
- Microbial Source Tracking
- Garapan CAP Update







- Garapan is possibly the most challenging watershed in the CNMI.
- The CAP is a collaborative management plan, but heavy on lower watershed.
- Implementation is happening.
- New development offers critical opportunity.



Next Steps

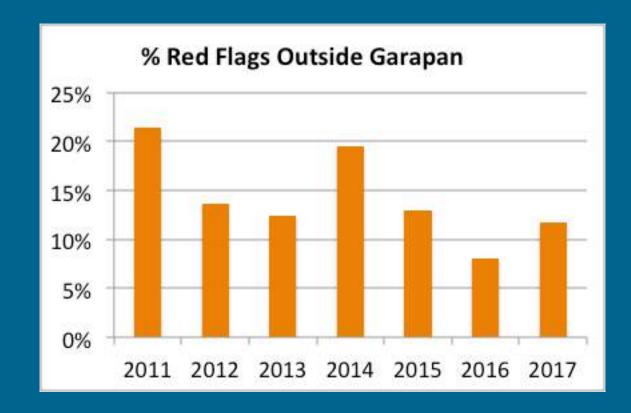
- Learn from watersheds that have already experienced periods of rapid development.
- Revise the CAP to strengthen collaborative process.
- Better incorporate
 ecosystem based
 management in all parts of
 the watershed.



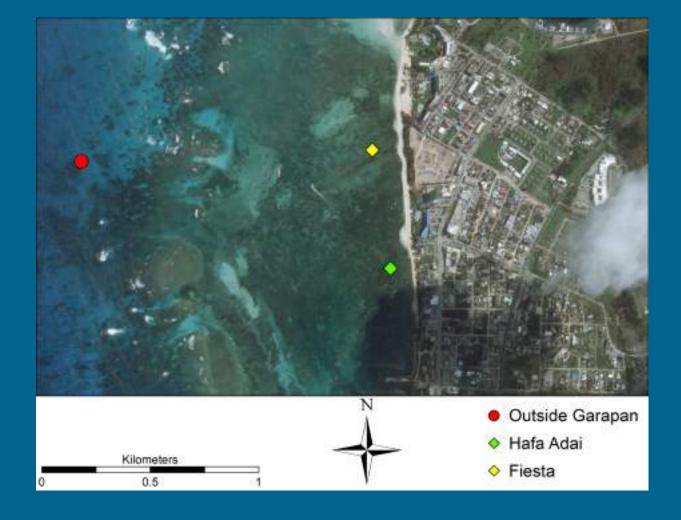


Water Quality Monitoring

- 11 monitoring sites, sampled weekly
- High occurrence of 'Red Flags' at certain sites



Marine Monitoring



Marine Monitoring:

Coral Reefs

 Increase in accreting surface.

